TUESDAY OCTOBER 22 1907 SALT LAKE CITY UTAH

FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO. CLOSES

Second Largest Trust Concern in New York Compelled to Shut Doors.

DEPOSITS ARE \$60,000,000.

Steady Stream of Persons Called To Withdraw Their Money All Morning.

Depositors Refused to Leave Room When Couldn't Get it-Officials Say Suspension is Temporary.

New York, Oct. 22.-The Knickerocker Trust company, the second argest trust company in New York liv, with deposits amounting to about 000,000, closed its doors at 12:30 this ternoon, following a steady run of rsons who called to withdraw their cosits. The company officials declared that the suspension of payment was mly temporary.

police forced them back to the again and from that time a guard s kept in front of the entrance. The market was very weak and deed sharply, in spite of early efforts e to support prices,

y, of the Treasury Cortelyou an

ey, of the Treasury Cortelyou aninced from Washington that he
lid support the New York city naal banks, and it was understood
the would order the deposit of \$6,600 of government funds in this city
soon as satisfactory security for
sum could be received,
he closing of the doors of the inaution was attended with sensational
ness at its main banking room, and
Harlem branch. Depositors who
oded the recms clamoring for their
hey were insistent that they be perted to withdraw even a few dollars
when this request was refused
by refused to leave the building,
we assistance was necessary to preeve order. At the main office, Fifth
thus and Thirty-fourth street, after
doors were closed, the crowd surg-

oors were closed, the crowd surgs way inward,
e Knickerbooker Trust company
thich a run started this morning,
bed paying money to depositors at
the statement being made that
company could not obtain currency
lly enough.

THREE MEETINGS.

Three separate meetings were held, see of the directors of the Knicker-facker Trust Co., a second of the trust companies association, and a third of bankers and financiers generally to consider what was best to be done. When the meetings broke up, the following statement was given out by a committee of the directors of the Knickerbocker Trust Co.;

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT. DIRECTORS STATEMENT.
'In view of the fact that Mr. Bary's outside interests had become
eatly extended, and in view of his
rsonal position in the directorate of
rtain institutions recently under critsm, in particular because of his poion with Mr. Morse and some of
r. Morse's companies, he has deied that the best interests of the comny would be served by his resigna-I that the best interests of the comwould be served by his resignaalthough he had no loans with
Knickerbocker Trust Co. He has
med as president of the trust com, and will resign as a director. He
will resign as a director of the
onal Bank of Commerce, which
the clearing house agent of the
kerbocker Trust.company. In view
he fact that the Knickerbocker will
after clear by itself, it was deemed
sable to obtain guarantees of adnal cash should it be needed. These
santees have been obtained and the
cherbocker will be amply prepared
heet emergencies that may grow
of a change in the method of clearThe Knickerbocker has in its
vaults \$8,000,000 in cash. If more
is needed, it will be immediately
heoming under the guarantees. The
ting of the trust companies' presi-

of the trust companies' presi-is largely for the purpose of a plan for a clearing house-companies, similar to the clear-e of bahks. This will enable companies to stand together arks are standing together." RUN OF DEPOSITORS.

average of the down town of the day and in which was a run of depositors to as money at the main office of the kerbocker Trust company, topened for business this morning also at the branch offices of madred Twenty-fifth street.

Individual of the down town office, gave a following statement: following statement:
is nothing to be alarmed
We have \$8,000,000 of cash in
ts and are prepared to meet all

s and are prepared to meet The company is perfectly

y after the main office of the bocker Trust company at lower the street opened for busi-positors began to arrive in still number and at 10:20 more than ole ware in line at the paying window. Many depositors cambakes and the carriage line external to the Bronx branch of the company promptly stopped by the artivo wagons from which wered, in view of the waiting debig bundles of specie and for the street of the conditions of the waiting design of the waiting design of the waiting design of the street of the conditions of the waiting design of the w

BANK DEBIT BALANCES. clearing bodse committee and the following debit balances of

otlie National bank....\$ 455,000 al Bank of North Ameral Bank of New Am-

chanics & Traders' Na-

ational Bank of Com-

s officially announced that the house committee had rendered are today to the Mercantile Nabank, the National Bank of Amsterdam. It was stated that a debit halance of the National Commerces, respected the

clman did not look upon the situation in New York as ting a general banking depressions the country and he that least of all would the affected an industrial slacking the east and middle west barriags he anticipated, but not all of Wall street troubles. It judgment that the inslority as Francisco banks are not into business with the speculation of New York.

sald, "are creditors of the New York banks, and when they make calls on them it is for their own money. That is a truth I have argued 50 times to the New York bankers, but they fall to

the New York bankers, but they fall to recognize (;"

Mr. Helman foresaw no period of commercial distress within San Francisco on account of bank conservatism, for plenty of capital was availing for legitimate commercial purposes. It would not surprise him, however, to see the rapid pace of building operations temporarily slackened.

"Building investments," he said, "are not within the sphere of properly conducted commercial and trust banks. They are the province of savings banks and capitalists; and no one would deny that the vast destruction of property here has put a strain on the resources of savings institutions here and wherever else there are clients wanting money for that class of reconstruction investment. But generally there is no cause for San Francisco to fear."

There was no unusual excitement on the steel exchange here today. There was no unusual excitement on the stock exchange here today. PRESIDENT BARNEY RESIGNS.

PRESIDENT BARNEY RESIGNS.

New York, Oct. 22.—The latest vicinstitudes in the local banking system consisting of Charles Barney's resignation of the presidency of the Knickerbocker Trust company. A Foster Higgins immediately elected to, and assumption of the position, refusal by the National Bank of Commerce to longer act as clearing house agent for the Knickerbocker Trust company, prolonged consultations between Mr. Higgins and prominent bankers, including J. Pierbont Morgan and George W. Perkins, and concise and reassuring statements by the directorate of the Knickerbocker Trust company, all these events have caused a decided stir of interest in financial circles here. The condition brought about the sudden changes had been a clouded one, the strength of the Knickerbocker Trust company is considered a sufficient check upon any possible alarms. The directorate of the institution is practically a list of many of the leading capitalists in New York City, and beside the power it yields from this fact Mr. Barzney and the company's vice president, Frederick L. Eldredge are conspicuous

power it yields from this fact Mr. Bareney and the company's vice president, Frederick L. Eldredge are conspicuous figures in the trust companies in Albany, Syracuse and other New York state cities. Fellow directors of Messrs. Barney and Eldridge are I. Townsend Burden, Fredeick G. Bourne, H. Payne Whitney and James B. Haggin. There are only one or two trust commanies in Wall street which approach the Knickerbocker in the magnitude of their deposits and in general business.

ousiness.

Mr. Barney would not give an explicit reason for his resignation and regarding the remarkable action of the National Bank of Commerce, he said that t occurred after his resignation was

cted upon.
"These are troublous times," re-narked Mr. Barney, "and all I can ay about the matter is that I resignsay about the matter is that I resigned to give my associates in the company a free hand in the management. It occurred to me that they might fill my place by the selection of a man better able to serve the interests of the company and if this could be done I wanted to give the directors ample opportunity to do it."

Mr. Barney laughed when it was suggested that the institution might be in some trouble.
"Nothing could be more absurd." he declared, "the company was never in a stronger condition. There is not the slightest question of its entire solvency."

Mr. Barney's statement in regard to the condition of the institution was confirmed by one of the state banking examiners two weeks ago and found

EFFECT IN LONDON. EFFECT IN LONDON.

London, Oct. 22.—The cable dispatches from New York regarding change in the management of the Knickerbocker Trust company, and the receipt of heavy selling orders from New York caused marked uneasiness in the stock exchange today. Americans which opened strong following Wall street quotations of yesterday, fell heavily, on wild reports in connection with the financial situation in New York and liquidation by American houses in Londen, caued a further decline in prices of favorite American rails, of from three to four points below parity. The market of noon was exceedingly weak.

PRESIDENT ADDRESSES A CROWD OF NEGROES

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 22.—The president's special made a stop of 3 minutes late last night at the town of Mount Bayou, Miss., a place where the inhabitants are all negroes. Practically the entire population was congregated at the station and the president spoke to them as follows:

the entire population was congregated at the station and the president spoke to them as follows:

"It is a great pleasure for me to see you and I have heard much of the prosperity of your town. I am glad to learn that you have not permitted a saloon in the limits. The qualities that make a good citizen must come from within and not from without. The law can give absolute equality of treatment, absolute justice before the law to all men big or little; it should treat them all allke. But after the law has done its part it remains true that the fundamental factor in any man's success in life is his own character, his own capacity for work, for doing justice from them in return.

"I congratulate you upon the evidences of prosperity that even tonight I can see here and upon what I have heard about you. There is no royal road to good citizer-ship or to success in life. If a man is a good heread winner, if he works hard and faithfully, if he is thrifty and if he tries to save money; if the woman is a good housewife, if she does her part, then that man and that woman will achieve success in life. No one can give it to them from without. All that can be done is to try to get them fair play, and then to trust to their own qualities for the actual achievements. If the man gambles or drinks, if he is a triffer and idler, if he does not do his work, if the end of each year sees him a little in debt and complaining, not of himself, but that somebody outside has not done as well by him as he expected, if he complains that the weather was not good, or the cotton failed, but never mentions nis somebody outside has not done as well by him as he expected, if he complains that the weather was not good, or the cotton failed, but never mentions not own fault, that is the type of man we cannot help. If the woman does not do her part fairly and honestly in the household or if each does not act so that the persons in the next house are glad to have them as neighbors, then failure is sure to come. I welcome all that I have learned about this town. I am glad to see the children here. I hope you will see them well brought up, that you will have good schooling for them and yet that you will remember that no school can entirely take the place of the home teaching. The father and mother have to do their duty to the children, for the teacher cunnot wholly take their place. Teach them reading, and writing, but also teach them to do well industriaily."

The speech received the closest attention and at the close was roundly applianded tention and at the close was roundly applauded.

KILLED HIS WIFE.

Charles J. Ahlborn Sentenced to Twenty Years' Imprisonment.

San Francisco, Oct. 22.—Charles J.

Judgment that the majority
that Francisco hanks are not inthe business with the speculathe of New York

Western country banks," he

San Francisco, Oct. 22.—Charles J.

Abiborn, who killed his wife, Mary
Eva in their residence, #63 Capp
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STEP MOTHER HAS STRANGE THEORY

New and Startling Point Raised In Jordan Inquest-Revenge Mentioned.

MUCH MYSTERY ABOUT CASE.

What Was Cause of Death?-Did Lillie Swallow Second Dose Of Poison? Why?

The investigation into the circumstances of Lillie Jordan's death was resumed before Justice of the Peace Dana T. Smith at 9 o'clock this morning.

The point brought out in yesterday afternoon's testimony is significantt is teeming with possibilities. The official record of yesterday afternoon's testimony shows that Mrs. Jordan, the lead girl's stepmother has a theory all her own, yet one the authorities are probing to its depths. If it is proved sound a dark-eyed scandal will be opened and sensational developments will follow.

Mrs. Jordan first of all said she knew Mrs. Harold, formerly Irene Wray, and Lillie had been chums while both were n the state industrial school. She knew the girls had some quarrel. Her know-ledge ends here and the rest is theory; the following theory, that Irene prob-ably kept the quarrel in her mind un-til it rankled and grew. Then she planned revenge. With the aid of her husband, W. T. Harold, it was accom-plished. Lillie was told she had a terrible disease.

disease, thought of being ruined physi-The inought of being ruined physically so freuzied the girl she brooded over the horrible information and decided to end it all, believes Mrs. Jordan. Mr. and Mrs. Harold are to be called to testify and until then no opinions are to be formed upon this theory. Mrs. Jordan puts forth so postively.

itively.

Mrs. Jordan and a second cousin of the dead girl, Mrs. Ann Swedenburg. were the two witnesses this morning. At 12 o'clock a recess was called until 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. In the interim the jury will visit the Jordan premises at 338 Wall street. Dr. C. F. Wilcox will be recalled to explain a few things still vague.

will be recalled to explain a 1.5.
still vague.
In all probability tomorrow will be consumed in getting further testimony.
The jury, which consists of Q, S. Nicholz, R. S. Wright and O. C. Dyer, is taking an active part in the adduction of evidence and is showing unusual ability along the questioning line.

MRS. JORDAN RECALLED. Mrs. Jordan was recalled to the stand this morning. Her early testimony showed clearly that Lillie regretted taking the poison, and after some coaxing upon the part of the attending physician did everything in her power to aid the doctor in his efforts to remove the stuff. "Lillie drank black coffee and warm water willingly," said Mrs. Jordan. "I gave it to her-probably four or five times but she could not vomit, try as she might. When she went to sleep I did not become suspicious because I was so sure she had not swallowed enough to hurt her. I saw her putting the bottle to her lips and knocked it from her. It was full and a lot spilled out. It was half full when I noticed it again. Later I poured it all out and rinsed it out with warm water." Mrs. Jordan was recalled to the stand

Mrs. Jordan said she had looked Mrs. Jordan said she had looked carefully last evening for a clue as to what poison Lillie took the second time, but found no papers or bottles. Bettles of ammonia and carbolic acid were in the cupboard, but had not been touched. Of this Mrs. Jordan amphatically ceriain. Mr. been touched. Of this Mrs. Jordan was emphatically certain. Mr. Haigh then tried to learn if any patent medicines had been around the house and was told aside from a "composing fluid" for babies, there was nothing.

HELPED GIRL TO BED. Mrs. Jordan said she had heard Lizzie moving around during the night. "Is it not possible she might have got more poison at that time?" (This was about 1:30 oclock.)
"No. I don't think so: she didn't go

"What was said then?"

"What was said then?"

"She told me she didn't want to stay in bed as she felt sick to her stomach. I told her to go back to bed.

"'All right mama; I'll go." ' she answered.

"Then I got out of hed and helped.

answered.
"Then I got out of bed and helped her get back in. She was quiet and I noticed nothing unusual."
"Had you heard her before?"
"Once before a short time; maybe not more than 15 minutes before. I got up that time and said. Lillie what is the matter—why don't you lay down?"

'I feel like it is coming up,' she answered. I told her I wish it would so she would be relieved. At this time she acted as if she was half asleep." A point adduced by the questioning along this line was that Mrs. Jordan is

certain Lillie never left the bedroomafter going to hed the first time.

STRYCHNINE IN HOUSE.

In answer to questions from Juryman Nichols Mrs. Jordan said a bottle of strychnine was kept in the cellar but repeated her assertions about being sure Lillie was in her room during the entire night. Later she said she was not sure whether the empty bottles had been thrown away or not—her husband had bought the pelson to kill cats and he alone, knew what had become of it and the bottles.

Mr. Nichols wanted to know more about the carbolic acid, "It was behind a pitcher in a corner of the cupboard. Lillie might have known about it. She often washed dishes, taking them back," explained Mrs. Jordan.

TWO OTHER MEDICINES.

TWO OTHER MEDICINES. A siege of diphtheria, starting ear in May at the Jordan home, was goi into in some detail towards the corclusion of Mrs. Jordan's testimon Dr. C. F. Wilcox was the attending physician. It was at this time if carbolic acid came into the house, Th. was to clean around the house. This was to clean around the house. Two other medicines were prescribed, "The bottles stand on a pantry shelf now empty." It is probable Dr. Wilcox will be asked to furnish the formulas of both drugs when he is recalled before the jury.

MRS. SWENDENBURG CALLED

Mrs. Ann Swendenburg, Lillie's sec Mrs. Ann Swendenburg, Lillie's second cousin, was called to the stand after Mrs. Jordan was dismissed. Lillie told the witness Tuesday, Oct. 15, that she had married a Carl Marti of California. "We were married in the county circk's office sround 5 o'clock," she siad. "We came up town and bad supper at the Wilson." She told my pother the same steer.

mother the same story. "Carl Marti was a friend of Lillie's long time ago."
"Was he a bicycle rider?"

insisted she was married.

"No, Lilly told me he was in the cracker business in California. They corresponded together. We live in Murray so she stayed for lunch and was there when I came home in the evening. When we came up town, we went to her house, but she wouldn't go into the house. Her father came out and he asked her if she was really married. She had telephoned that she was before we left Murray. She said she was.

"Don't you know it was wrong to go and get married without notifying me?" he asked.

"This was Wednesday as she stayed with us Monday and Tuesday nights. She slept with me and she seemed bright and happy. I saw no bottles or papers, and she seemed just the opposite of one who was planning anything like she did."

Going back to the meeting of father and daughter Mrs. Swedenburg said Lillie swallowed the poison when her father answered the telephone and some mention was made of "sherig" office." Owing to the excitement that resulted Mrs. Swedenburg said she does not remember hitle details of the transaction.

"Lillie spit out a lot of stuff as her INSISTED SHE WAS MARRIED.

not remember little details of the transaction.

"Lillie spit out a lot of stuff as her father grabbed her. The doctor was called in and in a half hour he was working over her. He mixed two tablets. I think, in a cup of luke-warm water. She would not take the medicine at first but the doctor and her father coaxed her: 'She'il be all right when she vomits,' said the doctor. He left, telling us to give her black coffee, luke-warm water and mustard and warm water.

luke-warm water and mustard and warm water.

"Lillie was sitting in a chair as if nothing had happened. At the supper afterwards Lillie did not eat anything after tasting some bread and butter, I did not leave the room except to go into the kitchen. Lillie did not move out of her chair until 10 o'clock. Her father was near her all the time.

TOLD HER MOTHER ALL. "When we asked her why she did that for she felt awfully bad and told

her mother all.

"'I'd rather kill myself than go back to school, she said.

"'We weren't going to send you back to school. I was just telephon-

"She asked for forgivenness for what she had done and asked him to kiss her. He did and so did her stepmother. She showed us then how she had hidden the poison in her clothes and taken it out.

"She mentioned a Richard Thompson as the cause of her trying to kill herself, saying Mr. Harold had introduced him to her. She said she had an appointment to meet him on Second South and Main street Monday night."

"Did she describe him?"

"Yes. She said he was smooth shaven, stockily built and a little taller than herself.

when we loosened her clothing we saw no more bottles or papers. I stayed up until after midnight, and when she was undressing, she said her whole body

itched and she scratched her face.

"She acted very reasonable, and after talking with her father, said she wanted to live. Til never go on the streets again without you, papa or mamma, she said. After we had eaten she was humming a tune—there were no signs of drowsiness or sieepiness at all.

When she went to bed she said, 'No matter how much pain I have, I'll not wake papa up,' said the witness.

As Mrs. Swedenburg was telling this Mr. and Mrs. Jordan sobbed aloud as they sat side by side at one side of the

"She complained of a pain or cramp in her legs when she took off her stockings before dinner. I rubbed her legs and that seemed to make her feel for honors.

(Continued on page two.)

BY POLITICANS

Forecasts for the Future Differ Materially in the Results Obtained.

THE INNER CIRCLE IS ELATED.

Dunbar and Friends Demonstrate Ability to Rule in the Case of Securing Tom Pitt for Chief,

forecast the future on the record of the past in politics are more than comto the arguments of men on all phases of the political problem, owing to the fact that figures two years ago subgest that one set of results this year should follow the voting, while figures of one year ago almost absolutely re-

verse this condition.

In the one case a city election was in progress, and in the other case the vote cast within the city limits for county officials is totalled. The factors controlling the vote two years ago were the Morris administration runwere the Morris administration run-ning for re-election to vindicate the one term just then completed, and the "American" party demanding votes on the "fried hierarch" policy, with the Republican party making a regular campaing, as much against one party as the other. One year ago the fight was more con

ing fried hierarch at any cost,

COMPARATIVE RESULTS. The results in the first case—that o

The results in the first case—that of the city election—were a close finish between R. P. Morris for re-election and Ezra Thompson, to represent the "fried hierarch" policy, Morris receiving 7,839—tes and Thompson 8,437. Lynch, Republican, received 4,979.

One year ago the results of counting the totals within the city limits, where local issues did not affect the vore, and when voters began to see how different were "American" party principles in theory and practise, and to feel the need to keep them out of office in the county, were very different.

Th total Republican vote was 7,650, the Democratic vote 4,638, and the "American" vote 8,588. Republican majorities in the county outside of Salt Lake overcame the "American" lead within the city, and started a retrograde action within the party itself, due to internal trouble between the "highit" element, now organized as the "in-ner-circle," and the element which wented to hate land the remembers of a

ner-circle," and the element which wanted to hate hard the members of religious faith, but had a sense of decency in standards of conducting public offices.

offices.

The matter of the two elections, with the varying vote in each is spelled out here in detail because of the many evidences of misurderstanding on the point. In last right's "News" a correspondent, who is a well known business man here, mistook the figures in one ejection for those of the other, and made on pulptantional error that other made an unintentional error that othe papers have siready corrected in detail, without giving the correspondent the credit to good motives.

WITH THE POLITICIANS.

Parley P, Jensen, Republican secretary, is proud of a large electric lighted shield adorning the door in front of headquarters. He declares that he overcame 113 obstacles in getting it hung, all of which looked impossible to surmount when they were first presented. They rabged all the way from a refusal of the effice occupants in the second story to allow him to fasten the ropes through their windows, to finding that no electricians were working at the hours he got ready to attach the wires. He finally employed some striking linemen to make the connections and ran the ropes one story higher. Parley P. Jensen, Republican sccre-

WITH THE POLITICIANS.

Harry S, Joseph is as busy these days as he was when chief official of the house of representatives. If he ever knows a quiet moment it is not while on duty down town,

District chairmen for the Democratic party in the Third and Second wards will meet tonight at Democratic head-

The Young Men's Republican club is preparing to give an "at-home" in the beadquarters tomorrow evening. Refreshments will be served.

The "Axerican" party inner circle, hich hopes to blossom out into xomething really great as a political ring, hasn't yet decided to adorn its walls with the pictures of its favorites, Schmitz and Ruef, although Boss Cax of Ohlo is more favorably considered for honers.

All three of these artists at manipula

THE CHRISTMAS NEWS

THE RECCGNIZED INDUSTRIAL AND STATISTICAL ANNUAL OF THE STATE

Will Be Issued SATURDAY, DEC. 14th

It will be devoted to the interests of

UTAH :: IDAHO NEVADA :: WYOMING

and the record of each of those flourishing States in mining, agriculture, slock raising and all other branches of trade and finance will be Brought Down to Date.

CHRISTMAS NEWS PRIZES

In conformity with its custom in the past, which has proved so popular with the public the Descret News announces the following prizes for its Christmus issue, First-A prize of \$50 cash for the best Christmas Story submitted, not to exceed 8,500 words,

about seven columns, or one page of the Descret News. Second-A prize of \$25 cash for the best Christmas poem, not to exceed 1,200 words.

The competition will close on Nov. 15, 1907. All stories and poems submitted must be addressed the Descret News, Christmas Department, S.dt Lake City, Utab. They must be signed with a nom deplume, or a fictitious name and a separate envelope must be forwarded containing the real name of the author.

Manuscripts not accepted will be returned on receipt of postage.

edvices in teaching the way to pro-ceed to the wire benders and tin sign dealers of the Salt Lake ring.

Dr. Charles G. Plummer will speak at a rafly and social in the Ladies' Lit-erary club Thursday night.

PLUMBERS' TRUST

Will Revise Regulations So as Not to Conflict With the Law,

Chicago, Oct. 22.-Coincident with Ohio, that Atty.-Gen. Ellis had brought suit against the so-called "plumbers trust" under the provisions of the Valentine law, John D. Hibbard of Chicago, chairman of the national committee of the Confederated Supply association, stated last night that the committee would meet here tomorrow to revise its regulations and by-laws so that they will not conflict with the laws of Ohio or any other state.

The headquarters of the Central Supply association are in Chicago and Paul Blatchford is secretary.

It is charged by Atty.-Gen. Ellis that an unlawful trade agreement has been entered into by the Eastern Supply association the Pacific Supply association and the Central Supply association and the Central Supply association to control the manufacture and sale of steam, gas and plumbing supplies throughout the entire United States. Ohlo, that Atty.-Gen. Ellis had brough

These corporations, it is alleged adopted and promula sted at Detroit. Mich., Aug. 20, 1905 certain resolutions, giving the general committee power to determine what dealers shall be permitted to buy from the members of the organization and arreeing to refrain from selling to all others.

LLEWELLYN MASON DEAD.

Chlcago, Ills., Oct. 22.—Llewellyn Mason, 61 years old, stid to be the oldest conductor in years of service on the Chicago & Alton raliroud, died yesterday at his residence. Mr. Mason began work on the Alton as a conductor 36 years ago and continued in service until stricken with pneumonia two years ago while on his

WATCHING NEW COMET.

Berkley, Cal., Oct. 22,-University

LONG CHASE AND ROMANCE END VERY HAPPILY.

New York, Oct. 22.-Racing across New York, Oct. 22.—Rading across the continent from San Francisco. Herbert A. Seller intercepted his bride to be, Miss Cassle Brill of Scattle, just as she was preparing to sall for Europe with her aunt, and though she will go abroad just the same, it will be as Mrs. Seller, their wedding having taken place here yesterday at the Hotel Materia.

Miss Brill, to whom Mr. Seller has een engaged to marry for some time. been engaged to marry for some time, informed him recently that she intended to go abroad for a year, meantime their marriage having been postroned on account of a death in Miss Brill's family. Mr. Seller, who is a promisent importor of San Francisco, was displayed on parating of his death.

W. A. FORGEY DEAD.

Man Who Had Been Shot Six Times Finally Killed by Own Pistol.

Finally Killed by Own Pistol.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 22.—William A. Forgey, professional strike breaker, and survivor of a half dozen scrious wounds received in riots in every dart of the United States, died yealorday at the St. Francis hospital, where he had been taken, the victim of an accidental discharge of his own revolver, which and the seventh bullet into his body.

Forgey was recently shot through the head at Franklin and Eddy streats, during a running fight with

the head at Pranklin and Eddy stracts, during 9 running fight with union sympathiaers, but recovered speedily from what was supposed to be a fatal wound. Saturday he took his revolver from his pocket and in removing the cartridges, accidentally pulled the trigger. The bullet entered his abdomen, runged upward and was removed from his left arm pit.

J. A. LYONS ARRESTED.

San Francisco, Oct. 22 .- The police

ALASKA MINING CASES.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 22.—The Urdied States circuit court of appeals affirmed the judgment of the Alaskan court in a mining case of Mary Chariton and John Klanos against James Kelly vesterday. The option written by Presiding Judge Gilbert, states that the plaintiffs brought ejectment proceedings to recover post session of a mining class in the Fairbanks district in Alaska. The verdict of the lower court was in favor of Kelly. A motion for a new trial was overruled and judgment an the ground that the evidence showed that the civil case who well that the civil court of appeals affirmed this judgment on the ground that the civil case who well that the civil case of the local case of all kinds on the local case

Makes No Statement but it is Known What His Position Is.

ORDERS FUNDS DISTRIBUTED.

Sixty-Seven Million Dollars to be Placed With Leading New York National Banks.

Comptroller Ridgeley's Advices Reassuring-Storm Has Broken and Drainage is Known.

Cortelyou was questioned today as to his intentions with respects to the financial situation in New York, he said he was not prepared to make any statement. It is known, however, that the secretary stands ready to meet any situation that may develop, and that he

is in a position to do this. While it is believed some action is being taken by the treasury department in the matter of making deposits of governent funds to national banks to meet the present emergency in New York, Seey, Cortelyou refused to discuss the subject in any way. Mr. Cortelyou said that not only would be not nake any statement at this time, but

It is understood that Secy, Cortelyou has ordered \$67,000,000 distributed among the leading national lianks of

RIDGLEY'S ADVICES.

Washington, Oct. 22-Comptroller of the Currency Ridgiey, in speaking of

In brokers offices in London quotations on American shares were anxiously awaited. American railways showed sharp declines from yesierday's New York prices. At 1 p. m. in London, American stocks showed the following declines: Amalgamated Copper 114: Atchison, 3%; Baltimore & Ohio, 115. St. Paul. 2%; Southern Pacific, 2%; United States Steel, 112.

11g. At 12:35 p. m. the stock market was in another violent slump. Union Pacific selling at 110, a loss of 7½; Reading at a loss of 7 points; St. Paul at 107, a loss of 8½ points. At that hour, call money was 50 per cent.

SAN FRANCISCO BANKS.

SAN FITANCISCO BANKS.

San Francisco, Oct. 22.—Banking and financial conditions in this city are reported as excellent. No failure has occurred on 'change and none is anticipated. The meyement of corps is in active progress and as a consequence the volume of modey in circulation has been increased by withdrawals from the banks during the last 30 days. The shortage of cars has delayed deliveries and the return of money to the banks dispersion, will be slow. However, the supply of money is ample for all purposes:

Y. W. Heiman, president of the Weils Y. W. Heiman, president of the Weils Ferge-Nevada National bank, and of the Union Trust company, discussing the financial situation this morning,

LOS ANGELES PREPARED.

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Los Angeles Cal, Cel. 22 - With the exception of a stringency in the money market, which has greatly restricted loans and a duliness in several lines of business which have become avercrowded, the local financial institutions are solid and no fear whatever is felt. Every hank in the city has for some time sale-guarded itself by shutting off general loans and secunulating a substantial surplus, so that nothing but confidence regarding their condition is felt. There have near no brelayers for jures of consequences